

KOLEKSI MANUSKRIP MELAYU

Definisi :

Manuskrip Melayu ialah karya bertulis tangan yang ditulis dalam tulisan jawi serta dihasilkan dalam lingkungan awal kurun ke-16 sehingga awal kurun ke-20. Ilmu yang terakam dalam manuskrip Melayu merangkumi pelbagai bidang perkara seperti kesusastraan, sejarah, kitab agama, perubatan, undang-undang, ketatanegaraan, azimat dan petua.

ANTARA MANUSKRIP MELAYU YANG MENARIK DAN UNIK:

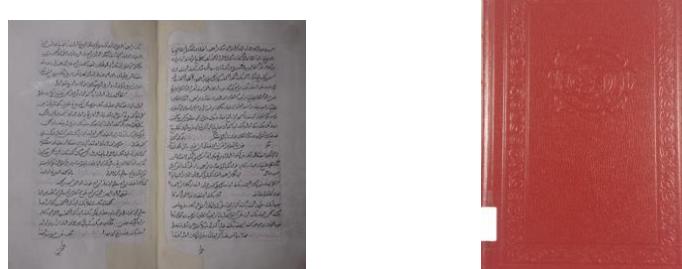
► MSS 1713 – Hikayat Hang Tuah

Naskhah ini merupakan cerita epiq tradisional Melayu yang telah mendapat pengiktirafan daripada UNESCO *Memory of the World International Register* pada tahun 2001. Hang Tuah disifatkan sebagai pahlawan Melayu yang terkenal di Melaka dan amat setia serta taat kepada pemerintah. Hikayat Hang Tuah juga melambangkan kehebatan dan keberanian orang Melayu Melaka sebagai pahlawan pada ketika itu.



► MSS 6 – Misa Melayu

Manuskrip ini ditulis pada tahun 1252H [1836M] dan memperihalkan salasilah raja-raja Perak bermula daripada Almarhum Sultan Jalilullah sehingga Sultan Mahmud Syah. Sebahagian besar manuskrip ini mengupas mengenai peristiwa-peristiwa yang berlaku pada zaman Sultan Iskandar Syah, terutamanya tentang adat-adat istana. Ia turut memaparkan hubungan perdagangan di antara Perak dengan Belanda. Misa Melayu menjadi sumber utama sejarah negeri Perak pada abad ke-18.



► MSS 23 – Hukum Kanun Melaka

Manuskrip ini disalin oleh Sayid al-Syarif Jamaludin ibn Sayid al-Syarif Abdullah di Mataram pada tahun 1075 H. Manuskrip ini mengandungi sejarah undang-undang Melaka yang menjadi amalan masyarakat Melayu semasa pemerintahan Sultan Muhammad Shah (1446-1456M). Ia memberi penekanan berkaitan undang-undang perkahwinan, perdagangan dan prosedur yang telah dilaksanakan pada ketika itu.



- **MSS 29/MSS 31/MSS 32/MSS 94/MSS 2140 – Cerita Panji**

Perpustakaan Negara Malaysia telah mendapat pengiktiran UNESCO Memory of the World bagi lima naskhah manuskrip Cerita Panji pada tahun 2017. Cerita Panji berkisar mengenai cinta antara Inu dengan Galuh. Raden Galuh telah diculik oleh Dewa Betara Kala yang tinggal di dalam hutan. Dari itu bermulalah perjalanan pencarian Inu mencari kekasihnya Raden Galuh.



- **MSS 2926 – Petua Memasak**

Manuskrip ini dihasilkan oleh Encik Yaakob Zahir dari negeri Pontianak, Kampung Bugis pada 18 Rabiul Thani 1348H [23 September 1929M] yang mengandungi pelbagai fasal masakan panas dan sejuk meliputi cara memasak, penyediaan bahan masakan seperti ikan, daging, udang, ayam, rencah, rempah ratus dan jenis masakan seperti masala, nasi beriyani, kuah kari, nasi qabuli dan sebagainya.

MALAY MANUSCRIPT COLLECTION

Definition:

Malay manuscripts are handwritten works written in Jawi script and produced in the early 16th century until the early 20th century. Knowledge recorded in Malay manuscripts cover various fields such as literature, history, religious, medicine, law, politics, amulet and tips.

AMONG THE INTERESTING AND UNIQUE MALAY MANUSCRIPTS:

MSS 1713 – Hikayat Hang Tuah

This manuscript is a traditional Malay epic story that has received recognition from the UNESCO Memory of the World International Register in 2001. Hang Tuah is described as a famous Malay warrior in Malacca and he was loyal to the government. Hikayat Hang Tuah also symbolizes the greatness and courage of the Malays as the Malacca's warriors at that time.



MSS 6 – Misa Melayu

This manuscript was written in the year 1252H [1836 AD] and described as the genealogy of the kings of Perak started from the late Sultan Jalilullah to Sultan Mahmud Syah. It covers the events that happened during the period of Sultan Iskandar Syah, especially about palace customs. It also displays the trade relationships between Perak and the Netherlands. Misa Melayu became the main reference for Perak's history in the 18th century.



MSS 23 – Hukum Kanun Melaka

This manuscript was copied by Sayid al-Syarif Jamaludin ibn Sayid al-Syarif Abdullah in Mataram in 1075H. This manuscript contains the history of Malacca's law which became the practice among the Malay communities during the reign of Sultan Muhammad Shah (1446-1456AD). It emphasizes the laws of marriage, trade and procedures that had been implemented at that time.



MSS 29/MSS 31/MSS 32/MSS 94/MSS 2140 – Cerita Panji

The National Library of Malaysia has received UNESCO Memory of the World recognition of five copies manuscripts of the Panji Tales in 2017. This Panji Tales revolves around the deep love between Inu and Galuh. Raden Galuh was kidnapped by Dewa Betara Kala who lived in the forest. Since that, the journey of Inu to find her lover, Raden Galuh started.



MSS 2926 – Petua Memasak

This manuscript was written by Encik Yaakob Zahir from Pontianak, Kampung Bugis on 18 Rabiul Thani 1348H [23 September 1929AD]. It contains various hot and cold recipes including cooking methods and the preparation of cooking ingredients such as fish, meat, shrimp, chicken, crackers, spices and many types of cuisines such as masala, beriyani rice, curry sauce, qabuli rice and many more.